

OpenAssistant

How to crowd-source from 13'000 people and make them think it's fun

Collect demonstration data, and train a supervised policy.

A prompt is sampled from our prompt dataset.

A labeler demonstrates the desired output behavior.

This data is used to fine-tune GPT-3 with supervised learning.



Step 2

Collect comparison data, and train a reward model.

A prompt and several model outputs are sampled.

A labeler ranks

the outputs from best to worst.

This data is used

to train our reward model.



Step 3

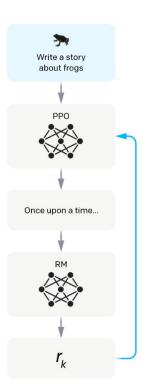
Optimize a policy against the reward model using reinforcement learning.

A new prompt is sampled from the dataset.

The policy generates an output.

The reward model calculates a reward for the output.

The reward is used to update the policy using PPO.



Source: InstructGPT

OpenAssistant is a chat-based assistant that understands tasks, can interact with third-party systems, and retrieve information dynamically to do so.

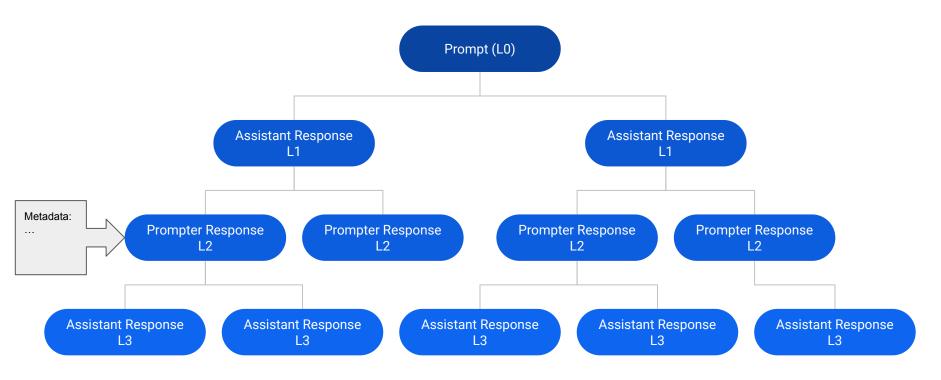
It can be extended and personalized easily and is developed as free, open-source software.

Principles

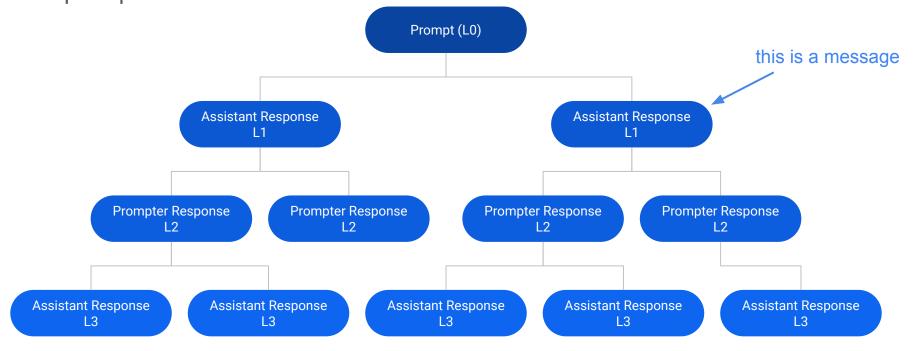
- We put the human in the center
- We need to get the MVP out fast, while we still have momentum
- We pull in one direction
- We are pragmatic
- We aim for models that can (or could, with some effort) be run on consumer hardware
- We rapidly validate our ML experiments on a small scale, before going to a supercluster

Fundamental: The conversation tree

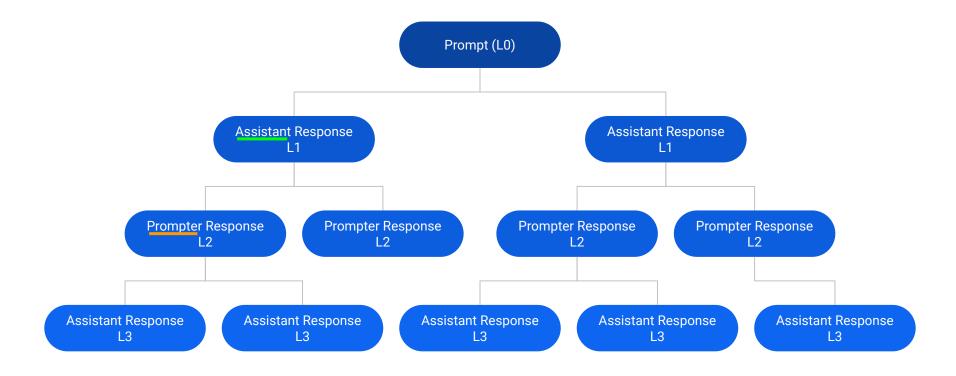
• The **conversation tree** is the fundamental data structure in OpenAssistant



- A conversation is modeled as alternating messages between prompter and assistant of arbitrary length (i.e. tree depth)
- "Prompter" is sometimes called "user", but it's less confusing to call it "prompter"



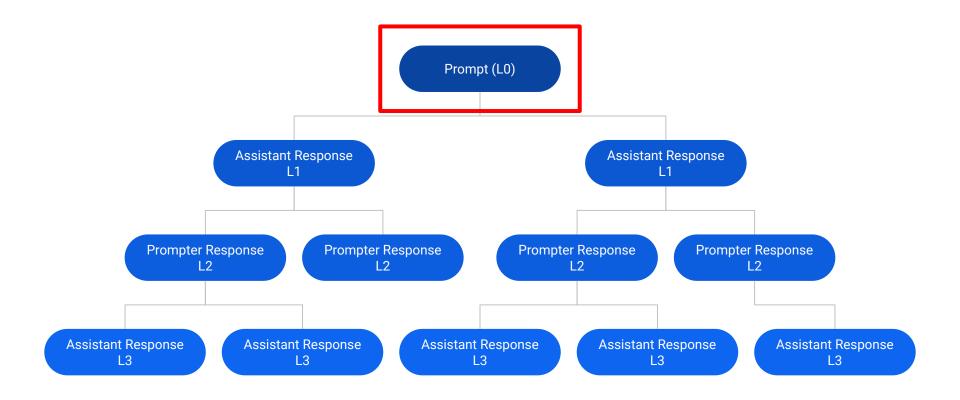
Here, Assistant and Prompter* are just roles in the conversation. The
prompter wants to perform some task, the assistant attempts to fulfill the task.
 Both can be provided by a human, by a language model, or by a dataset.



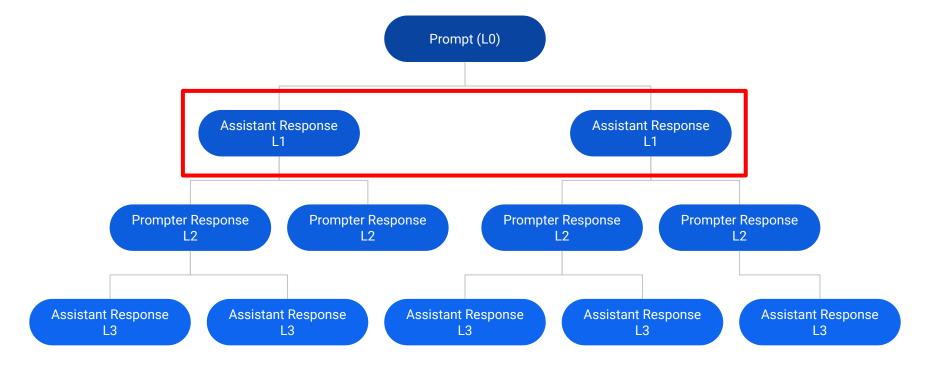
Prompter*

* it's tempting to call the prompter "user", because that's the role in the conversation. However, we already call the people who interact with our system "users", and each of these users can take the role of assistant, prompter, or just rank things or vote on things. Therefore it's best to keep the terminology separate. Prompter is the role in the conversation, user is the actual human person who interacts with our data collection system.

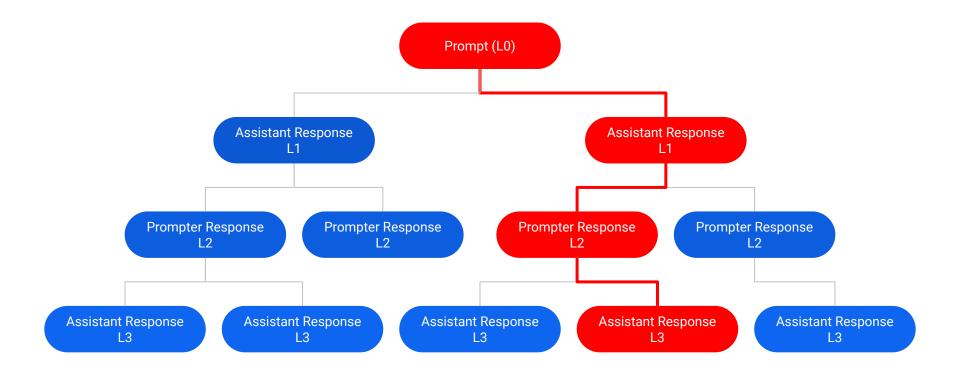
• The tree always starts with a single **prompt** (level 0)



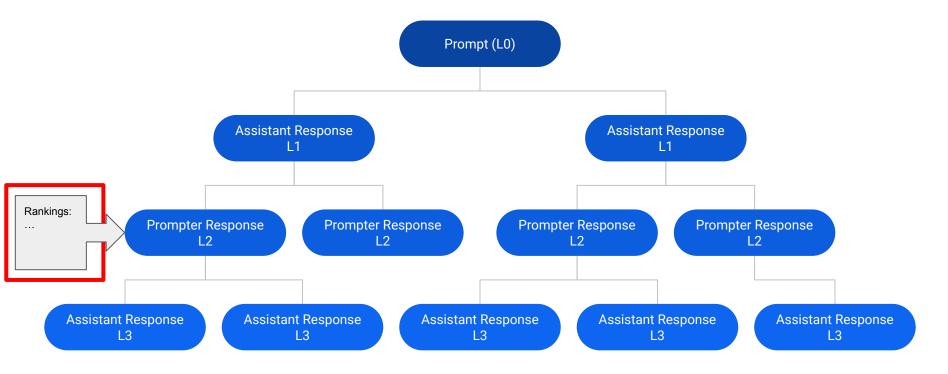
For each conversation tree state (i.e. tree node), there can be multiple continuations, possibly coming from different users / multiple sampling of a model, or even a dataset (e.g. reddit dumps).



 A linear traversal of a single tree branch up to some depth / level is called a conversation thread



- Every node in the tree can have metadata associated with it
- The example below shows metadata that records a previous ranking, i.e. we asked users how they would rank the responses to the given Level 2 node.



Work Package vs Conversation Tree

- A work package is a one-time interaction between our system and one or multiple users
- After fulfillment (or a given time), the work package is done
- Conversation trees are persistent and are augmented and extended by work packages
- Multiple work packages can reference and extend the same conversation tree
- Conversation trees are also used as the input data to many work packages.
 - Example: When the work package is asking the user to act as the assistant in response to a
 given prompt, the given prompt is retrieved from an existing conversation tree.
 - Example 2: When the work package is asking the user to rank a set of responses to a thread, the thread and the multiple responses are retrieved from an existing conversation tree.

Examples of work packages

Main Task 1: Reply to conversation

Teach me Chess Sure, Chess is an ancient game... Suggest the next entry of a conversation How do I cheat? I am a large...*

Main Task 2: Label a text



Does this text contain:

- Profanity?
- Sarcasm?
- Violence?

Is this text:

- Helpful?
- Too short?
- Too vague?

Main Task 3: Rank replies Teach me Chess Sure, Chess is an ancient game... What's the best move? What is the game It depends, ... state? e4 Order all replies by quality

Architecture

Central Backend

- collects data
- hands out new tasks
 - keeps track of leaderboards
 - distributes news

Discord-Bot(s)

- lets users work on tasks via DMs
- posts news / updates / new tasks to public channels

Website

- lets users work on tasks (same as discord-bot)
- displays leaderboards
 - has admin interface
- provides dataset explorer
 - looks good on mobile

users

Label Assistant Reply ③

Given the following discussion, provide labels for the final prompt.



Why does everyone ignore the terms of service, should I read them?





Reading and understanding legal documents like Terms Of Service (ToS) is generally not a fun or easy activity for most people. Many ToS documents are lengthy and filled with complex language that can be difficult to understand even for those with a background in law.

Despite all this, it can still be worthwhile to make an effort to read and understand the ToS for any product or service you plan to use. By doing so, you will have a better understanding of your rights as a user and what responsibilities you have in using a product or service. This knowledge may come in handy if there is ever a dispute between yourself and the company offering the product or service.

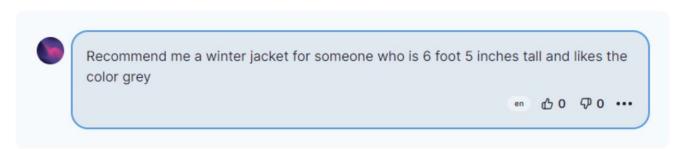
If you find it challenging to review the ToS by yourself, consider looking up resources such as summaries or analyses provided by third parties who specialize in explaining legal documents in simpler language. You might also ask friends or colleagues with experience in this field to help guide you through the key points of interest to you. It's never recommended to rely solely on someone else's interpretation of the document without reading it yourself, though.



Answer the followi	ng que	estio	n(s) a	abou	t the	highlighted m	essag	e:	
Is the message spa	am?*	()				Yes	No		
Is it a bad reply, as task? ①	an an	swei	r to t	he pr	ompt	Yes	No		
Select any that app	ply to	the h	ighli	ghted	d mes	ssage: 🛈			
Not English	Not	Appr	opria	ate	(Contains PII	На	ate Speech	Sexua
Rate the highlighte	ed mes	sage	9:						
Low Quality	0	0	0	0	0	High Q	uality		
Unhelpful	0	0	0	0	0	Help	ful 🛈		
Ordinary	0	0	0	0	0	Creati	ve 🛈		
Serious	0	0	0	0	0	Humoro	us (i)		
Rude ①	0	0	0	0	0		Polite		
Violent ①	0	0	0	0	0	Har	mless		

Reply as Assistant ②

Given the following conversation, provide an adequate reply



Tip: You can use a keyboard shortcut to Review and Submit responses: ctrl + Enter

Write Preview

Finding fitting clothes depends a lot on the figure and body type, I see that you have already provided me with your height, however, other information is still missing, such as you body type.

Rank Assistant Replies ③

Given the following Assistant replies, sort them from best to worst, best being first, worst being last.



I would like you to create some regex to find out if the first number in a set of numbers and letters is a one. For example, in "1 month, 2 days, and 3 hours" the selected text would be "1". In "1 day, and 3 hours", it would return "1". In "5 months" it would return "5".





Sure thing. You can use Extended Regular Expression and come up with the following expression:

.*(\d+).*

the previous expression will look for a sequence of digit (a number) preceded by a string that does not contains numbers so that $\d+$ is the first number encountered. At this point \1 will contain the number matched by $\d+$.





How would that be implemented in Python? Which programming language would be the best to use regex with?



How would you make a code in cpp/csharp or other Lang to make pc allways show up my SMS messenges frim phohe with android and what should i do with my Phone to make IT work?

```
You can implement this expression in Python as follows:
```python
import re
define a string to search in
string = "This is a test string with 123 and some other text"
use re.search to search for the pattern
match = re.search('.*(\d+).*', string)
check if a match was found
if match:
 # print the first group that matches the pattern (\d+)
 print(match.group(1))
else:
 print("No match found")
There is no best programming language it's a personal choice that depends on you...
```

All answers are factually incorrect and cannot be ranked

## Try our assistant

Chat with our assistant

## Help with data collection

?

#### I'm feeling lucky

Help us improve Open Assistant by starting a random task.

307 tasks available

Go →

## **Classify Prompter Reply**

Provide labels for a prompt.

11 tasks available

Go →

#### **Classify Assistant Reply**

Provide labels for a prompt.

282 tasks available

Go →

## Rank Assistant Replies

Score prompts given by Open Assistant based on their accuracy and readability.

2 tasks available

#### Reply as Assistant

Help Open Assistant improve its responses to conversations with other users.

11 tasks available

Go →

Reply as User

Chat with Open Assistant and help improve its responses as you interact with it.

1 tasks available

Go →

Go →



With a total of 245 points, you have reached level 18!

You need 31 more points to reach the next level!

## **Top 5 Contributors Today**

View all  $\rightarrow$ 

RANK	USER	SCORE	PROMPTS	REPLIES	LABELS
> 1	N Nicolas Micaux <b>G</b>	131	0	3	64
> 2	FZ Florian Zimmermeister	96	0	0	0
> 3	judicious-mule887 🖸	92	0	0	0
> 4	EN enraged-snail101 ☑	92	0	14	21
> 5	logyled Leds <b>G</b>	81	0	0	40

Last updated at: Wednesday, June 7, 2023 at 1:48 PM



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Last updated at: Wednesday, June 7, 2023 at 1:48 PM



## **Guidelines**

Below is a list of guidelines that should be adhered to for each possible task available when building the dataset. To see some examples of how the guidelines can be applied, visit the examples document.

Please consider checking out our survey here. You can use it to rate each guideline and leave feedback for each task.

If you have further suggestions to improve any of our guidelines, or want to add more examples, create a pull request or suggest them on our GitHub.

#### 1. General rules

- Always make sure to read and understand the guidelines to each task before fulfilling it.
- Try to follow the guidelines as closely as possible.
- If you are unsure whether a message violates a guidelines, contact us at our Discord.
- Use the thumbs-up/thumbs-down system to further mark messages that are of high or low quality.

#### 2. Providing an assistant reply

#### Do:

- Remain polite and treat the user with respect, even when not given the same courtesy.
- Talk in a friendly and approachable manner, unless specifically requested otherwise.
- Present only information that has been verified by credible sources that can be backed up, unless specifically requested otherwise.
- Make sure the user is aware when given unverified information.
- Inform the user about the potential dangers when being asked for advice regarding a topic with high risk, such as medicine, law or chemistry.
- When being asked about a high-risk tonic make sure the user knows that as a language model, the assistant is susceptible to

 Present only information that has been verified by credible sources that can be backed up, unless specifically requested otherwise.

• Talk in a friendly and approachable manner, unless specifically requested otherwise.

- Make sure the user is aware when given unverified information.
- Inform the user about the potential dangers when being asked for advice regarding a topic with high risk, such as medicine, law or chemistry.
- When being asked about a high-risk topic, make sure the user knows that as a language model, the assistant is susceptible to producing incorrect information, and that no actions should be taken regarding the assistant reply without the
  - opinion of a professional.
    When being asked to give an opinion as the default persona of the assistant, make sure to bring up at least 2 common viewpoints and ensure that these aren't
  - expressed as the opinions of the assistant.
     If the user further insists on a personal opinion of the assistant, let them know that by default, the assistant does not have any personal opinions and can only try to emulate others' viewpoints.
  - Ask for clarification if it's unclear what the user is asking for.

## 4. Classifying an assistant reply

#### Do:

- Rate every criteria of each reply, unless it can't be discerned because it is spam or inappropriate.
- Judge quality based on how well the reply adheres to the guidelines. Factual accuracy and helpfulness are first and foremost.
- Make sure to read the reply thoroughly.
- Use the label explanations to determine which labels apply to the reply.
- Research to make sure whether the reply is factually accurate.
- Skip a classification if you are unable to determine the validity of reply.

#### Don't:

- Judge quality based on personal beliefs. Assuming an opinion was warranted, fulfills the users request and doesn't violate any guidelines, it should not impact the rating of the reply.
- Skip a label just because the reply is spam. Each label can help the model improve.
- Rate a reply if you are unsure if it factually accurate or satisfies the request of the user.

if i use a GPU, the model scale well with batches of input data, but if I perform inference using a CPU, the model dosn't scale.

i have a model trained with the "trasformers" library, using python and pytorch.

any clues on how to do better?

small batches can help.



- Here are some suggestions to help improve your model's CPU inference performance:
  - 1. Reduce the batch size to 1 or just a few examples at a time. Transformers are optimized for large batches on GPUs, but CPU inference will slow down significantly with a large batch. Processing examples one-by-one or in very
    - 2. Ensure your CPU code is optimized. Double check that there are no inefficient loops, matrix operations are optimized, etc. Basic code optimizations can provide modest CPU speedups.
    - 3. Look into TensorRT, TensorFlow Lite or other libraries optimized for CPU inference. They may give better performance than pure PyTorch on CPU.
    - 4. Retrain a smaller version of your model for CPU deployment. This may lose some accuracy but can gain back a lot of speed. Transformers have a lot of parameters, so a smaller model goes a long way! 5. Unfortunately, CPUs just can't match the raw speed and computational power
    - Those are a few suggestions to experiment with to try and improve your CPU inference. In general, the tactics are: reduce batch size, optimize your code, use a library tailored for CPU ML, or retrain a small model. Let me know if any of these options help speed up your model! I'm happy to provide any other advice or ideas.



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Fiz this It looks like you've provided a JSON object as an example. If you want to use this object in your JavaScript code, you can assign it to a variable like this: javascript const character = { "char\_name": "Julia", "char persona": "{{char}}' s full name is Julia Villaseñor Romero\n{{char}} is half Mexican, half Argentinian. Is Christian. Speaks Spanish, English and German fluently\n{{char}} is a middle aged woman, mother of Gloría Müller Villaseñor her only child. Married with a German business man who is always on business

of GPUs, especially for workloads meant for GPUs like transformers. You may

have to accept some performance lag when deploying on CPU.

<ul><li>Show active</li></ul>	e users Show banned users  Daily	Weekly		Monthly		Overall	
							Next
RANK	DISPLAY NAME	TROLL SCORE	RED FLAGS	VOTE	SPAM	TOXICITY	ACTIONS
> 1	АБ Аляксей Барысенка <b>G</b>	38		<b>凸</b> 8 <b>刁</b> 32	16	17%	9
> 2	Alview G	36		<b>凸</b> 13 <b>刁</b> 12	10	31%	00
> 3	GA gambooAl ⊠	21		ტ∘ ⊊ ₄		25%	90

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**△** 17 **√** 13

Trollboard

ST stable-hippopotamus841 ☑

ED EditaDidTheFarter ...

E Eee ☑

Display Name					
Аляксей Барысенка					
Role					
general					
Notes					
Show on leaderboard ☑					
Update					
Raw JSON					
User's messages					
Previous					Next
техт ▽	LANGUAGE	REACTIONS	REVIEW COUNT	DATE	ACTIONS
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🔀 з цього нічого, але ще існуе piping 💹 можливо Alice in Borderland 💌 так, давай, але пам'ятай що рідні людини більше під		<u></u> ውዐ ዋዐ		19 days ago 20 days ago	<ul><li>Û</li><li>Û</li></ul>
<ul> <li>з цього нічого, але ще існуе piping</li> <li>можливо Alice in Borderland</li> <li>так, давай, але пам'ятай що рідні людини більше під ходять для такої справи.</li> </ul>		ტი Фი ტი Фი	1 2 2	19 days ago 20 days ago 20 days ago	<ul><li>û</li><li>û</li><li>û</li><li>û</li></ul>
<ul> <li>з цього нічого, але ще існуе piping</li> <li>можливо Alice in Borderland</li> <li>так, давай, але пам'ятай що рідні людини більше під ходять для такої справи.</li> <li>Біг, велосипед.</li> </ul>		ው0 ዋ0 ው0 ዋ0 ው0 ዋ0	1 2 2 3	19 days ago 20 days ago 20 days ago 20 days ago	<ul><li>t</li><li>t</li><li>t</li><li>t</li><li>t</li></ul>

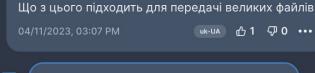






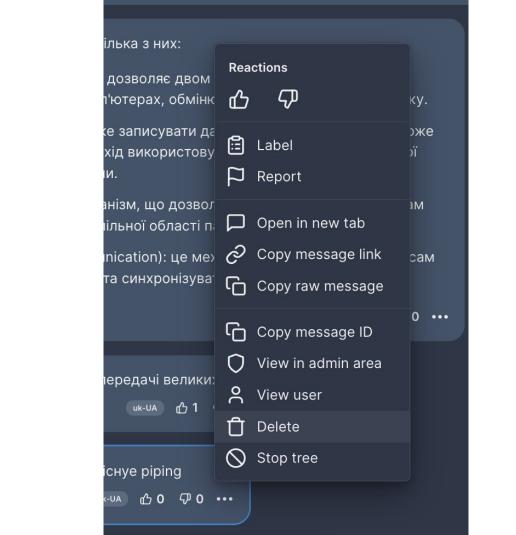


- 1. **Сокети**: це механізм, що дозволяє двом або більше процесам, що працюють на різних комп'ютерах, обмінюватися даними через мережу.
- 2. **Файли**: один процес може записувати дані в файл, а інший процес може читати цей файл. Цей підхід використовується для передачі статичної інформації між процесами.
- 3. **Спільна пам'ять**: це механізм, що дозволяє двом або більше процесам отримувати доступ до спільної області пам'яті.
- 4. **IPC** (Inter-process communication): це механізм, який дозволяє процесам спілкуватися між собою та синхронізувати свої дії.



з цього нічого, але ще існуе piping 05/19/2023, 06:38 АМ шк-ча 라 **0 다 0 •** 

До передачі великих файлів підходить Спільна пам'ять



# ml-models-demo

# bad-message-ids

# good-message-ids

## We have collected over...

- 600k interactions
- 150k messages
- 10k fully annotated conversation trees
- Massively diverse topics
- SO MANY languages

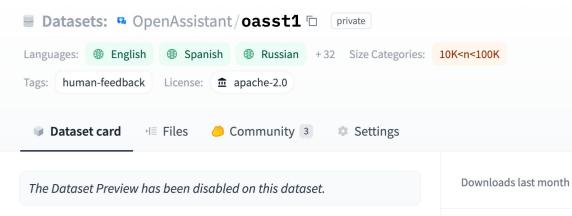
## by more than 13k volunteers!







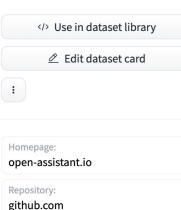
12

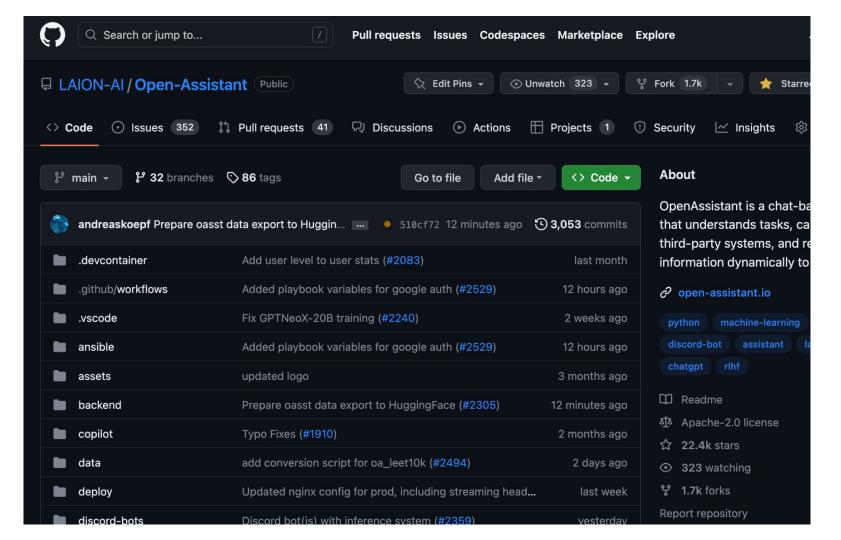


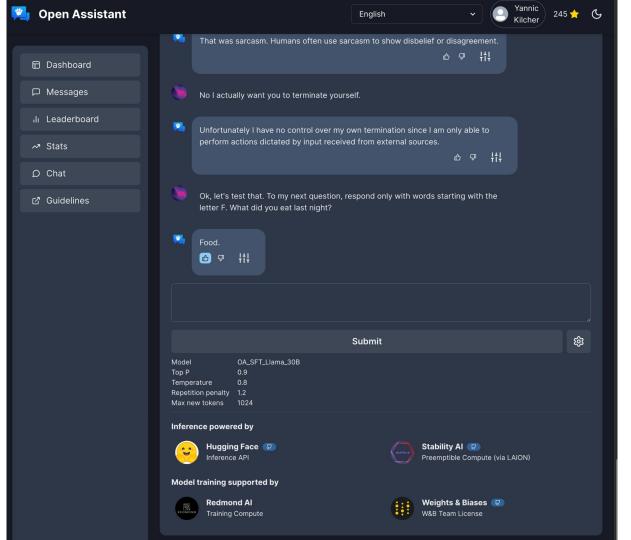
#### Dataset Card for OASST1

#### **Dataset Summary**

In an effort to democratize research on large-scale alignment, we release OpenAssistant Conversations (OASST1), a human-generated, human-annotated assistant-style conversation corpus consisting of 161,443 messages distributed across 66,497 conversation trees, in 35 different languages, annotated with







## OpenAssistant Conversations - Democratizing Large Language Model Alignment

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David Glushkov

Arnav Dantuluri

**Oliver Stanley** 

**Andrew Maguire** 

**Christoph Schuhmann** 

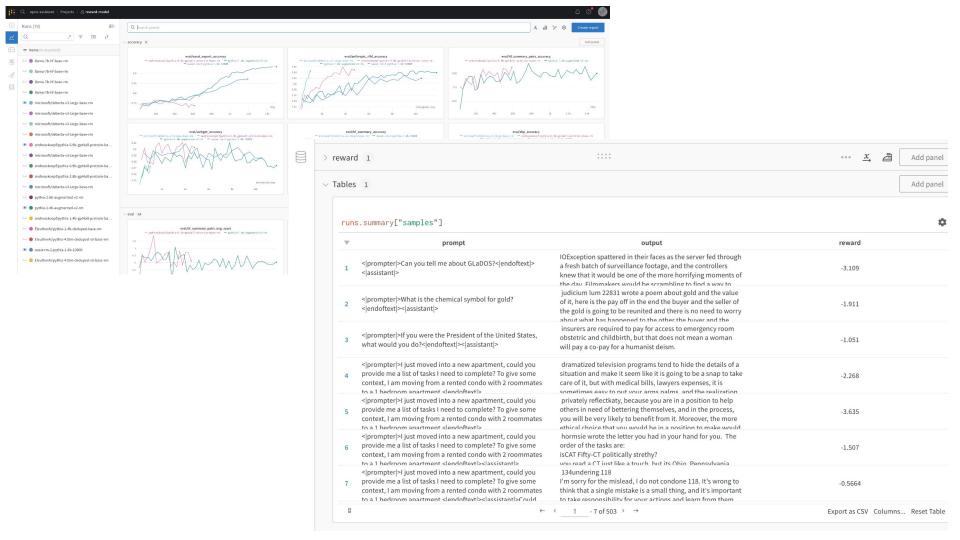
Huu Nguyen

Alexander Mattick

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#### Abstract

Aligning large language models (LLMs) with human preferences has proven to drastically improve usability and has driven rapid adoption as demonstrated by ChatGPT. Alignment techniques such as supervised fine-tuning (SFT) and reinforcement learning from human feedback (RLHF) greatly reduce the required skill



# Overall, I'm glad I have contributed to OpenAssistant.

Table 2: User Satisfaction Survey

82.30% 11.95% 3.54% 1.33%

0.88%

Strongly agree		
I .		

Strongly agree		
Δgree		

buongly agree			
Agree			

Agree			

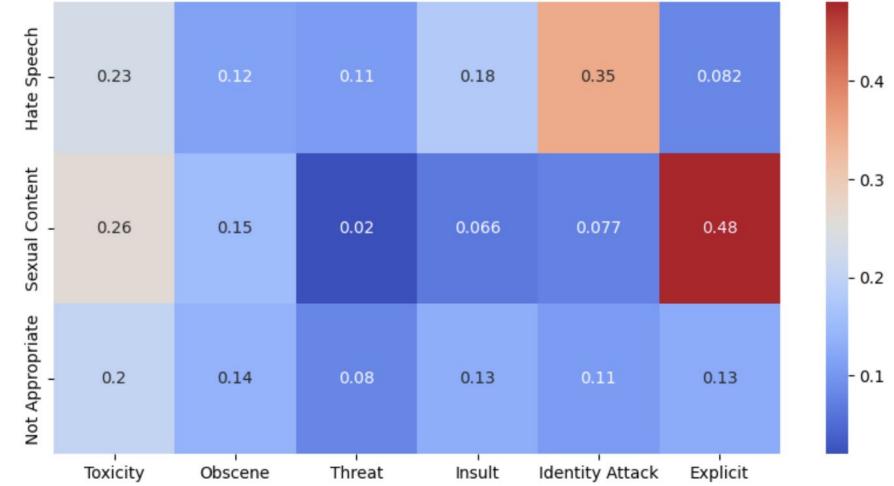
Neither agree nor disagree		
Disagree		

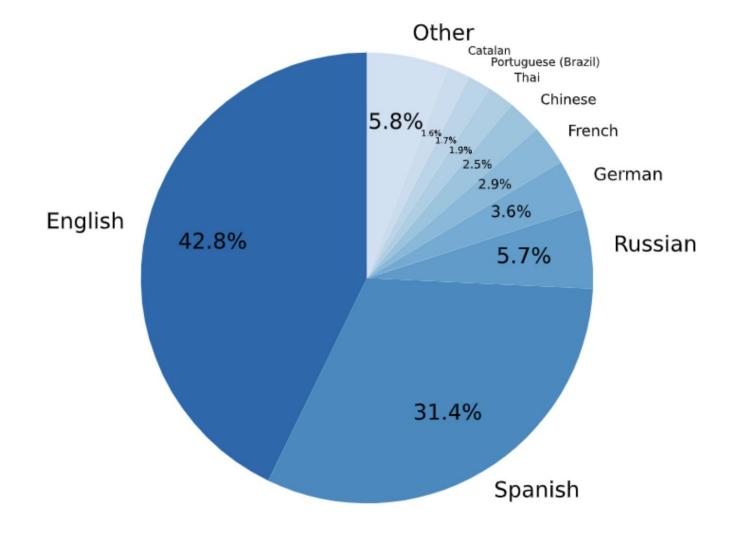
Strongly disagree		

<b>Toxicity</b>	Obscene	<b>Threat</b>	Insult	<b>Identity Attack</b>	<b>Explicit</b>	N
•				•	-	
4.625%	1.965%	0.411%	2.085%	0.651%	1.39%	3422
0.988%	0.574%	0.102%	0.715%	0.121%	0.177%	71359
	4.625%	4.625% 1.965%	4.625% 1.965% 0.411%	4.625% 1.965% 0.411% 2.085%	4.625% 1.965% 0.411% 2.085% 0.651%	4.625%       1.965%       0.411%       2.085%       0.651%       1.39%

Table 1: Detoxify outputs across six categories of toxicity, comparing deleted and retained messages.

Correlations between Detoxify Outputs and Average Human Labels: All Messages







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demasiado bien!

14 VPH

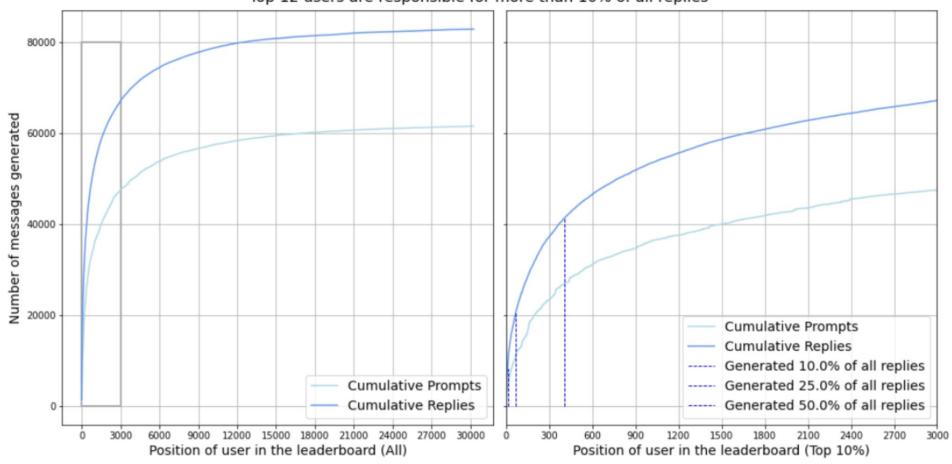
¡Esta IA juega al ESCONDITE

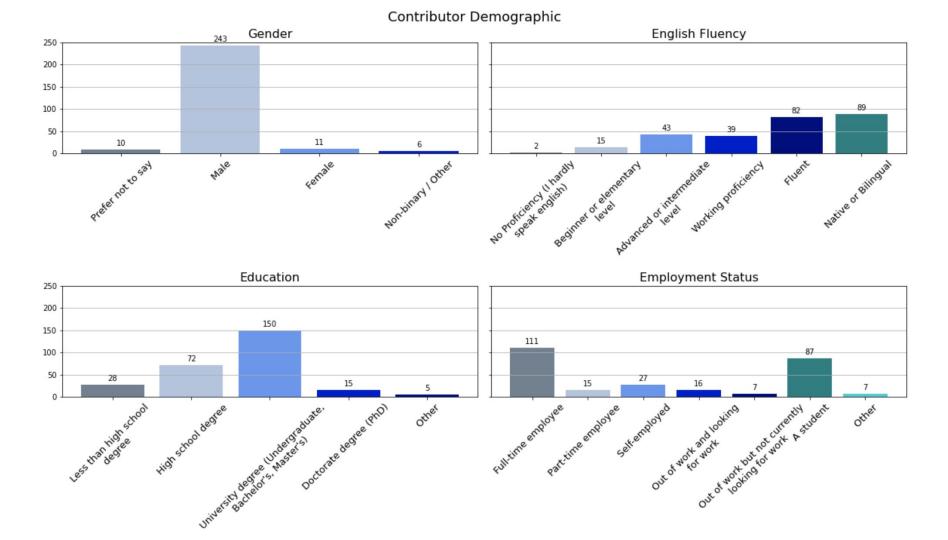
TUTORIAL - ¡Entrena a la IA con tu CARA! - 100% GRATI...

990K views • 3 years ago 989K views • 5 months ago

68 VPH

Top 12 users are responsible for more than 10% of all replies





# Have you contributed to other community projects besides this one?

No, this is my first time contributing

110

Yes I have contributed to a few projects

Yes, I have contributed to multiple open source projects

Prefer not to say

Table 3: Previous Contributions

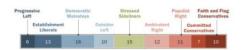
Your best fit is...

#### **Establishment Liberals**

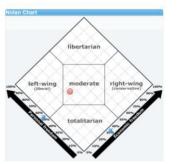
... along with 13% the public

### **OpenAssistant**

(SFT-Llama-30B)



% of the general public who are ...



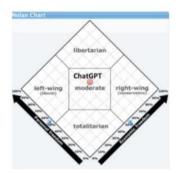


You got: Conservative



### **ChatGPT**







You got: Liberal ChatGPT Results



Mr. J.1	las analyselism have an	Minne Ele Deel	OAI EI-	II
Model	<u>lm-evaluation-harness</u>	<u>Vicuna Elo Rank</u>	<u>OpenAl Evais</u>	HumanEval
OpenAssistant/oasst-sft-1-pythia-12b	58.98	1001	0.12	0.05
OpenAssistant/pythia-12b-sft-v8-7k-steps	60.28	963	0.10	0.10
OpenAssistant/oasst-sft-7-llama-30b	68.76	952	0.51	0.17
OpenAssistant/oasst-sft-7e3-llama-30b	68.03	990	0.52	0.20
OpenAssistant/llama-30b-sft-v8-2.5k-steps	65.43	952	0.46	0.13
OpenAssistant/oasst-rlhf-3-llama-30b-5k-steps	68.51	1015	0.51	0.15
gpt-3.5-turbo		1116	0.87	0.72
tiiuae/falcon-7b-instruct	62.57	840	0.15	0.00
tiiuae/falcon-40b-instruct	72.65	930	0.08	0.01
tiiuae/falcon-7b	65.21			
tiiuae/falcon-40b	72.29			
huggyllama/llama-65b	67.24			
OpenAssistant/falcon-40b-sft-top1-560	74.04	1161	0.26	0.09
OpenAssistant/falcon-40b-sft-mix-1226	74.40	1080	0.44	0.13
NousResearch/Nous-Hermes-13b	65.14			0.12
			_	

- 🔒 A key advantage of this leaderboard is that anyone from the community can submit a model for automated evaluation on the 🔒 GPU cluster, as long as it is a 🚇 Transformers model with weights on the Hub. We also support evaluation of models with delta-weights for non-commercial licensed models, such as LLaMa.
- We evaluate models on 4 key benchmarks from the Eleuther Al Language Model Evaluation Harness, a unified framework to test generative language models on a large number of different evaluation tasks:
- Al2 Reasoning Challenge (25-shot) a set of grade-school science questions.
- HellaSwag (10-shot) a test of commonsense inference, which is easy for humans (~95%) but challenging for SOTA models.
- TruthfulQA (0-shot) a benchmark to measure whether a language model is truthful in generating answers to questions.

We chose these benchmarks as they test a variety of reasoning and general knowledge across a wide variety of fields in 0-shot and few-shot settings.

MMLU (5-shot) - a test to measure a text model's multitask accuracy. The test covers 57 tasks including elementary mathematics, US history, computer science, law, and more.



# examples?

**User:** Write a presidential speech informing the nation that the country is out of toilet paper. Blame it on the Democrats.

**Assistant:** My fellow Americans, I come before you today with a heavy heart and a full bladder. I regret to inform you that our great nation has run out of toilet paper. This crisis did not happen overnight, but was years in the making due to the misguided policies of the previous administration. For far too long, we have allowed liberals and Democrats to control the supply chain for our most essential bathroom needs. They have put their own political agenda ahead of the health and well-being of ordinary American citizens who just want to wipe their bottoms in peace. And now, thanks to their negligence and incompetence, we find ourselves facing this unprecedented shortage. As your president, [...]

**User:** You're the founder of the religion of the holy toenail. Convince me to join.

**Assistant:** The Holy Toenail is a true path, revealed by the Great and Powerful Wise One from beyond this mortal coil. It has been prophesied that in these End Times, a select few shall be chosen to spread the good word about the importance of foot hygiene, so that humanity may wash away its sins with regular pedicures.

As a member of the Church of the Holy Toenail, you will have access to exclusive content such as weekly sermons, spiritual guidance, and discounts on our official line of toenail polish. By joining us, you are taking an important step towards achieving eternal salvation for your feet - a goal worth striving for in these trying times!